Commission: Disarmament and International Security Committee

- Session : 6th Zonal Model United Nations 2019
- Sponsors : Cameroon, Canada, Iran, Iraq, Pakistan, Russian Federation, South Korea, Syrian Arab Republic, United Kingdom, United States of America, Yemen

QUESTION OF: LIMITING ARMS TRADE BETWEEN STATES THAT ARE NOT PARTICIPATING IN A CONFLICT OR THAT ARE NOT SITUATED IN CRISIS AREAS

The General Assembly,

<u>Noting with regret</u> that according to the Institute for Economics and Peace, the world has become progressively less peaceful and safe in the past ten years,

<u>Deeply disturbed</u> by the fact that nuclear weapons are the world's most dangerous weapons and could consequently be a major threat to world peace,

<u>Grieved</u> by the fact that, globally, at least 251000 deaths outside war zones is caused by guns,

<u>Fully aware</u> that 875 million small arms and light weapons are in circulation worldwide and are responsible for over half a million deaths each year with tens of thousands of deaths outside of war zones,

<u>Reiterating</u> that despite the continuous efforts through treaties and the United Nations organisation to limit arms trade between states, the threat of having a world-scale deteriorating war has not ceased but the problem has rather been ignored by countries that benefit from unethical trading of arms, Commission: Disarmament and International Security Committee

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1. Encourages member states to actively participate in arms regulation;

2. <u>Supports</u> the United Nations' efforts regarding the passed resolution 71/258 to prohibit nuclear weapons through the Prohibition of Nuclear weapons pact in 2017, however urges fellow members to extend this resolution to non-participants in the voting that took place;

3. <u>Urges</u> member states to review laws regarding arms permit by bringing forth legislative changes to make it hard to qualify owning guns legally;

4. <u>Calls</u> major weapon-producing states to safeguard against illicit diversion of arms;

5. <u>Trusts</u> states that manufacture and export conventional arms to work with other nations to ensure adequate control systems;

- 6. <u>Recommends</u> member states to ratify the UN's Arms Trade Treaty and that:
 - a. under Article 19 paragraph 1 of the Arms Trade Treaty, disputes between state parties should be settled more severely, and failure to reach consensus should lead to economic sanctions from the UN
 - b. under Article 24 Paragraph 2 of the Arms Trade Treaty, state parties wishing to withdraw from the Treaty have to be subjected to a thorough investigation from the UN;

7. <u>Appeals</u> for more effective global norms, agreements and regulations to control and detect transfers of weapons and ammunition outside war zones;

8. <u>Calls upon</u> member states to support an act to ban all devices and accessories often known as "bump stock" that turn legal weapons into machine guns;

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9. <u>Further recommends</u> the organisation to implement more frequent sessions in a year-course to encourage diplomacy as resolution to disputes and thus disincentivise military actions and interventions;

10. Endorses further taxes on arms to reduce the demand;

11. <u>Draws the attention</u> of CAAT's which focuses on criterion 2c, stipulating that license should not be granted if there is a clear risk the equipment to be exported might be used in a serious violation of international humanitarian law;

12. <u>Demands</u> the establishing of an appropriate and subsidiary body with a mandate to regularly deal with nuclear disarmament along with other related arms control and adopt reduction measures in the conference on disarmament;

13. <u>Congratulates</u> the UN's International Tracing Instrument for small arms and encourages it to become legally binding for member states.